

american political economy in global perspective

harold l wilensky

American Political Economy in Global Perspective: Harold L. Wilensky's Enduring Insights

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky is a topic that invites deep reflection on how the United States' economic and political systems interact within the broader international landscape. Harold L. Wilensky, a renowned sociologist and political economist, contributed significantly to our understanding of the intricate dynamics shaping American political economy through comparative and global lenses. His work helps illuminate how domestic economic policies, social welfare systems, and political structures are interconnected, and how they stand in relation to other nations' experiences.

In this article, we'll explore Wilensky's ideas and their relevance in today's global context, shedding light on the complexities of American political economy and offering a broader perspective informed by his scholarship.

Understanding Harold L. Wilensky's Approach to Political Economy

Harold L. Wilensky was known for his comparative approach, analyzing political economies not just within the U.S. but across different countries to identify patterns and divergences. His work often emphasized the role of social welfare policies, labor relations, and governance structures in shaping economic outcomes.

The Comparative Method: Why Context Matters

Wilensky believed that to truly grasp the nuances of American political economy, one must look beyond its borders. By comparing the U.S. with European welfare states or emerging economies, he highlighted how institutional arrangements affect economic performance and social equity. This global perspective allows us to see that American political economy is not an isolated phenomenon but part of a complex international network influenced by globalization, trade policies, and geopolitical strategies.

Social Welfare and Economic Stability

One of Wilensky's key contributions was his analysis of social welfare systems and their impact on economic stability. Unlike many European countries with expansive social safety nets, the U.S. traditionally maintained a more limited welfare state. Wilensky's research suggested that this difference affects not only individual well-being but also broader economic resilience and labor market flexibility.

He argued that the American political economy's emphasis on market-driven solutions can lead to greater inequality and social tension, especially during economic downturns. This insight is particularly relevant when examining current debates over healthcare, unemployment benefits, and social security.

The American Political Economy in a Globalized World

Today, the American political economy operates within a highly interconnected global system. Wilensky's framework helps us understand how domestic policies resonate beyond national borders and how global trends influence American economic and political decisions.

Globalization and Its Discontents

Globalization has brought both opportunities and challenges. While it has expanded markets and innovation, it has also exposed American workers to competition from lower-wage countries, putting pressure on wages and job security. Wilensky's comparative perspective encourages policymakers to consider how social welfare models in other countries cushion their populations from these shocks better than in the U.S.

This understanding pushes for a reevaluation of American labor policies, trade agreements, and social protections to better align with the realities of a global economy.

The Role of Institutions in Navigating Economic Change

Wilensky emphasized institutions—government bodies, unions, regulatory agencies—as crucial mediators in political economy. In the context of globalization, strong institutions can help manage transitions caused by technological change, shifting trade patterns, and financial volatility.

For example, countries with robust retraining programs and unemployment insurance tend to maintain social cohesion better during economic upheavals. By contrast, weaker institutional frameworks may exacerbate social divisions and political polarization, a phenomenon observable in recent American political developments.

Applying Wilensky's Insights to Contemporary Issues

Harold L. Wilensky's work remains profoundly applicable as the U.S. confronts pressing economic and political challenges. His emphasis on comparative analysis offers a roadmap for crafting policies that are both effective and equitable.

Health Care and Social Safety Nets

Wilensky's analysis of welfare states invites us to reconsider the scope and scale of American social programs. Compared to other wealthy democracies, the U.S. spends less on social welfare relative to GDP and has less comprehensive coverage. Understanding this gap through Wilensky's lens suggests that expanding social safety nets could enhance economic security and promote political stability.

Economic Inequality and Political Polarization

The growing divide between rich and poor in America has profound political implications. Wilensky's research connects economic inequality with political fragmentation, showing how disparities can erode trust in institutions and fuel populist movements.

Addressing inequality requires a blend of economic policy reforms and institutional strengthening—exactly the kind of integrated approach Wilensky advocated for in his studies.

The Future of Work and Labor Markets

Technological advancements and automation are reshaping labor markets worldwide. Wilensky's comparative perspective helps highlight how different countries adapt to these changes by combining market flexibility with social protections.

For the U.S., this might mean enhancing education and retraining programs, supporting labor unions, and crafting policies that balance competitiveness with worker security.

Harold L. Wilensky's Legacy in Political Economy Scholarship

Wilensky's scholarship continues to influence academics, policymakers, and analysts who seek to understand the complex interplay between politics and economics within a global context. His insistence on comparative analysis encourages a more nuanced view of American political economy—one that acknowledges its strengths but also its vulnerabilities in the face of global challenges.

For those interested in political economy, Wilensky's work serves as a reminder that economic policies cannot be crafted in isolation from social and political realities, nor from international developments.

Exploring American political economy in global perspective Harold L. Wilensky not only enriches our understanding of the U.S. system but also opens pathways to more informed, inclusive, and resilient economic policies in an increasingly interconnected world.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the central theme of Harold L. Wilensky's 'American Political Economy in Global Perspective'?

The central theme of Harold L. Wilensky's 'American Political Economy in Global Perspective' is the analysis of the American political economy within the broader context of global economic and political systems, highlighting how domestic policies interact with international forces.

How does Wilensky compare the American political economy to other countries in his work?

Wilensky compares the American political economy to those of other developed nations by examining differences in welfare policies, labor relations, and government intervention, emphasizing the unique

characteristics and challenges faced by the United States in a globalized economy.

What role does globalization play in Wilensky's analysis of the American political economy?

Globalization is portrayed as a significant factor influencing American political economy, affecting labor markets, regulatory policies, and economic competitiveness, thereby necessitating adjustments in domestic policy to respond to international economic pressures.

Does Wilensky discuss the impact of social welfare policies in the American political economy?

Yes, Wilensky examines social welfare policies extensively, comparing the U.S. system to those of other advanced economies, and discusses how welfare provisions reflect broader political and economic priorities within the American context.

What methodological approach does Harold L. Wilensky use in his analysis?

Wilensky employs a comparative and interdisciplinary approach, integrating political science, economics, and sociology to provide a comprehensive understanding of the American political economy in relation to global trends.

How relevant is Wilensky's work for understanding current American economic challenges?

Wilensky's work remains relevant as it provides foundational insights into the structural factors shaping American political economy, helping to contextualize contemporary issues such as inequality, globalization, and policy reform within a broader historical and international framework.

Can Wilensky's analysis inform policy decisions in the U.S.?

Yes, by highlighting the interplay between domestic policies and global economic forces, Wilensky's analysis offers valuable perspectives that can inform policymakers aiming to design effective economic and social strategies in an interconnected world.

Additional Resources

American Political Economy in Global Perspective: Harold L. Wilensky's Enduring Insight

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky represents a seminal approach to understanding the intricate interplay between economic systems and political structures within the United States, set against the broader canvas of global dynamics. Wilensky's work, deeply analytical and historically grounded, offers a unique lens through which one can examine the distinct characteristics of the American political economy and its evolution in response to international pressures and transformations.

Wilensky's contributions remain foundational in political economy scholarship, especially for those seeking to parse the complexities of how economic policies, political institutions, and social welfare systems interact on both national and global stages. His comparative framework invites a nuanced discussion about the United States' economic governance model, its strengths, vulnerabilities, and the ways it contrasts with other advanced economies.

Exploring the Core of American Political Economy Through Wilensky's Perspective

At the heart of Harold L. Wilensky's analysis lies an effort to demystify the "American exceptionalism" often cited in political economy debates. Wilensky challenges oversimplified narratives by contextualizing the U.S. model within a global framework, highlighting how institutional arrangements,

social policy decisions, and economic priorities differentiate it from European welfare states and emerging economies alike.

Wilensky's approach emphasizes the role of political institutions in shaping economic outcomes. He illustrates that unlike many Western democracies with expansive social safety nets, the U.S. political economy is characterized by decentralized governance, a relatively limited welfare state, and a reliance on market mechanisms to allocate resources. This distinctive configuration has implications not only domestically but also for America's position in the global economy, influencing trade policies, labor market regulations, and social equity.

The Institutional Foundations of the U.S. Political Economy

Wilensky's framework spotlights several institutional features that define American political economy:

- **Federalism and Decentralization:** The dispersed nature of political authority affects policy uniformity across states, leading to divergent economic outcomes and social programs.
- **Labor Market Flexibility:** Compared to European counterparts, the U.S. labor market is less regulated, which Wilensky argues fosters economic dynamism but also contributes to greater income inequality.
- **Social Welfare Policies:** The relatively modest scale of social spending contrasts sharply with the comprehensive welfare regimes in countries like Sweden or Germany, impacting social cohesion and poverty rates.

This institutional analysis is crucial for understanding how the American political economy responds to global economic shifts, such as globalization, technological change, and financial crises.

Comparative Perspectives: American Political Economy Versus Global Models

Wilensky's work shines particularly in its comparative dimension, where he situates the American political economy alongside other models to illuminate differences and similarities. This approach helps to clarify why the U.S. maintains certain economic policies and what outcomes these policies produce relative to other nations.

For instance, the American market-driven approach contrasts with the coordinated market economies of Northern Europe, where strong labor unions and comprehensive social protections create a more egalitarian distribution of income and employment security. Wilensky points out that such contrasts are not merely economic but deeply political, reflecting differing historical trajectories, power relations, and ideological commitments.

Globalization and Its Impact on the American Political Economy

In an era marked by rapid globalization, Wilensky's insights remain particularly salient. The integration of global markets has exposed the U.S. political economy to competitive pressures that have reshaped labor markets and social policies. Wilensky's framework helps explain why the U.S. has experienced widening income disparities despite overall economic growth.

Key global influences include:

- **Trade Liberalization:** The openness of American markets has benefited consumers and certain industries but has also led to job displacements in sectors vulnerable to international competition.
- **Capital Mobility:** The ease of financial flows has empowered investors but complicated

regulatory efforts to ensure economic stability and equitable wealth distribution.

- **Technological Innovation:** While a driver of economic growth, technological change has disproportionately rewarded skilled workers, exacerbating wage inequality.

Wilensky's perspective underscores that the American political economy's response to these global trends is conditioned by its domestic institutions and political choices, which often lag behind the pace of economic transformation.

Pros and Cons of the American Political Economy in a Global Context

Analyzing the American political economy through Wilensky's lens reveals distinct advantages and disadvantages when compared globally.

1. Pros:

- **Economic Dynamism:** Flexible labor markets and entrepreneurial culture foster innovation and rapid economic growth.
- **Political Pluralism:** Decentralized governance allows experimentation with policies at state and local levels.
- **Global Competitiveness:** Strong private sector and capital markets attract investments worldwide.

2. Cons:

- **Income Inequality:** Limited social safety nets result in higher poverty levels and reduced social mobility compared to peer nations.
- **Policy Fragmentation:** Decentralization can lead to inconsistent regulations and uneven economic development.
- **Social Vulnerability:** Lack of universal healthcare and comprehensive welfare exposes many to economic insecurity.

Such an assessment encourages policymakers and scholars to consider how the U.S. might recalibrate its political economy to better address both domestic needs and global challenges.

Wilensky's Legacy and Contemporary Relevance

Harold L. Wilensky's exploration of the American political economy in global perspective remains a touchstone for contemporary analysis. As the U.S. faces renewed debates over trade policies, social welfare reforms, and economic inequality, revisiting Wilensky's comparative insights offers valuable guidance.

His work reminds us that political economy is not static; it evolves through the interaction of institutions, social forces, and global trends. Understanding this dynamic is essential for crafting policies that balance economic efficiency with social equity in an interconnected world.

In sum, American political economy in global perspective Harold L. Wilensky provides a rich, multidimensional framework that continues to inform academic inquiry and practical policymaking. By

situating the American experience within a global context, Wilensky offers a powerful tool to decode the complexities of modern economic governance and its social implications.

American Political Economy In Global Perspective Harold L Wilensky

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: American Political Economy in Global Perspective Harold L. Wilensky, 2012-02-29 This book is a guide to claims about the proper role of government and markets in a global economy. Moving between systematic comparison of 19 rich democracies and debate about what the United States can do to restore a more civilized, egalitarian, and fair society, Harold L. Wilensky tells us how six of these countries got on a low road to economic progress and which components of their labor-crunch strategy are uniquely American. He provides an overview of the impact of major dimensions of globalization, only one of which - the interaction of the internationalization of finance and the rapid increase in the autonomy of central banks - undermines either national sovereignty or job security, labor standards, and the welfare state. Although Wilensky views American policy and politics through the lens of globalization, he concludes that the nation-state remains the center of personal identity, social solidarity, and political action. He concentrates on what national differences mean for the well-being of nations and their people. Drawing on lessons from abroad and from America's own past successes, Wilensky shows how we can reverse our three-decade decline. He argues that, in order to get off the low road, we must overcome the myths of moderation, the rise of the independent voter, and a rightward shift of the electorate. He specifies a feasible domestic agenda that matches majority sentiments in all rich democracies.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Alterssicherungspolitik in Deutschland Winfried Schmähl, 2018-09-03 Winfried Schmahl stellt die Alterssicherungspolitik in Deutschland seit 1945 detailliert dar, sowohl im Überblick als auch ihre Vorgeschichte vom Ende des 19. Jahrhunderts bis zum Ende des Zweiten Weltkriegs. Bereits in der Besatzungszeit setzte in Ost und West ein Auseinanderentwickeln der Alterssicherungssysteme ein, das in der BRD und DDR immer ausgeprägter wurde und schliesslich mit der Wiedervereinigung endete. Der Autor beschreibt ausführlich die Zusammenführung der Rentensysteme wie auch auf die weitere Entwicklung bis zur Bundestagswahl im Herbst 1998. Er beschränkt sich dabei nicht auf Ergebnisse und Wirkungen politischen Handelns, sondern untersucht auch wichtige Einflussfaktoren in den Prozessen, die schliesslich zu Entscheidungen staatlicher und privater Akteure führten. Die grundlegende Umorientierung der deutschen Alterssicherungspolitik seit 1998 soll in einem Folgeband behandelt werden.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Land of Tomorrow Benjamin Mangrum, 2018-10-01 American liberalism after the Second World War turned against the legacies of the New Deal era. Rather than extending the reforms of the 1930s, many expressions of postwar liberal thought recast organizational politics as enfeebling, alienating, or tyrannical. Land of Tomorrow examines the ideas and cultural sensibilities that caused this radical shift in the tenor of American liberalism. To account for these changes in American liberal sentiment, Benjamin Mangrum looks to some of the most influential writers, critics, and intellectuals of the postwar decades-including Ralph Ellison, Vladimir Nabokov, Lionel Trilling, Flannery O'Connor, and Saul Bellow, as well as the American reception of Friedrich Nietzsche, Sigmund Freud, Franz Kafka, and many other European thinkers. By revising established accounts of this body of cultural work, Mangrum charts the legitimization of new political sensibilities within the nation's intellectual life.

These sensibilities opposed a social democratic order and unleashed a new kind of liberalism, one which centered on ideas about authenticity, alienation, self-management, psychological templates for societal problems, and private judgments of value. This confluence of literary, intellectual, and political history gives us a window onto the basic assumptions and key conceptual terrain of liberal thought after 1945. *Land of Tomorrow* thus offers a provocative cultural prehistory of political thinking's forms that remain with us today.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Marketcraft Steven Kent Vogel, 2018 *Marketcraft* argues that markets do not arise spontaneously but rather are crafted by individuals, firms, and most of all by governments. Thus *marketcraft* represents a core function of government comparable to *statecraft*. Vogel systematically reviews the implications of this argument, critiquing prevalent schools of thought and presenting innovative lessons for policy.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Taxation and Resentment Andrea Louise Campbell, 2025-06-10 Why Americans favor progressive taxation in principle but not in practice Most Americans support progressive taxation in principle, and want the rich to pay more. But the specific tax policies that most favor are more regressive than progressive. What is behind such a disconnect? In this book, Andrea Louise Campbell examines public opinion on taxation, exploring why what Americans favor in principle differs from what they accept in practice. Campbell shows that since the federal income tax began a century ago, the rich have fought for lower taxes through reduced rates and a complicated system of tax breaks. The resulting complexity leaves the public confused about who benefits from the convoluted tax code, and leads to tax preferences that are driven by factors other than principles or interests. Campbell argues that tax attitudes vary little by income, or by party, as some Democrats, more Republicans, and even more independents want most taxes decreased. Instead, white opinion on nearly every tax is racialized. Many do not realize the rich benefit the most from tax breaks, attitudes toward which are racialized, too. And among Black and Hispanic Americans, long subject to government coercion, greater support for government spending is not matched by greater support for taxation. Everyone has a reason to dislike taxes, which helps antitax Republicans win votes—and helps the rich in their long campaign to get their own taxes reduced and undermine progressivity.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: **Political Power and Economic Inequality** Charles F. Andrain, 2014-02-14 *Political Power and Economic Inequality* offers a balanced comparative analysis of worldwide income inequality. Charles F. Andrain explores the ways that government institutions, political parties, private corporations, labor unions, and protest movements influence public programs. How do these organizations mobilize resources so that their preferences become government decisions? What impact do these policies have on different geographic regions, occupations, ethnic-religious groups, and genders? Drawing on comprehensive worldwide data, the author highlights the similarities and differences among nations. By focusing on global trends, he explains the connections that link domestic conditions with foreign trade, overseas investment, labor migration, and communications media. Andrain argues that the globalization of income inequality explains contemporary political life in the United States as well as in other parts of the world. To fully understand global income distribution, we need to grasp how historical changes affect these trends, why social movements stage protests against the growing income gap, and how a comparative approach best explains income differences. Andrain's tightly written interdisciplinary study stresses the impact of this problem on political life and social change in the United States, Europe, Asia, and Latin America. The comparative evidence probes the full dynamics of this controversial issue and its consequences for society as a whole.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: *Political Economy of the United States* Joel W. Johnson, 2018-12-07 How have the policies of recent administrations shaped today's economy? To what extent has federal policy contributed to growth in income inequality? Why have the parties become so polarized and how has polarization influenced economic policy? This book provides an introduction to the contemporary political economy of the United States. It examines the politics of economic policymaking, the influence of federal policies and

programs on the economy, and the co-evolution of politics and the economy over the past five decades. Along the way, it explains the causes and consequences of many contemporary phenomena, such as the government's deficits and debt and the ideological polarization of the parties. The book is divided into two parts. The first half explains how America's political economy works. It explains what the federal government does, why it does what it does, and how its policies influence the economy. The second half explains how we got here with a review of major political and economic developments since the 1970s, all the way up to the early years of the Trump Administration. This weaving together of theory and history provides both the tools and the context so that readers can properly understand the nation's current-day politics and policy debates.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Strong Governments, Precarious Workers Philip Rathgeb, 2018-12-15 Why do some European welfare states protect unemployed and inadequately employed workers (outsiders) from economic uncertainty better than others? Philip Rathgeb's study of labor market policy change in three somewhat-similar small states—Austria, Denmark, and Sweden—explores this fundamental question. He does so by examining the distribution of power between trade unions and political parties, attempting to bridge these two lines of research—trade unions and party politics—that, with few exceptions, have advanced without a mutual exchange. Inclusive trade unions have high political stakes in the protection of outsiders, because they incorporate workers at risk of unemployment into their representational outlook. Yet, the impact of union preferences has declined over time, with a shift in the balance of class power from labor to capital across the Western world. National governments have accordingly prioritized flexibility for employers over the social protection of outsiders. As a result, organized labor can only protect outsiders when governments are reliant on union consent for successful consensus mobilization. When governments have a united majority of seats, on the other hand, they are strong enough to exclude unions. *Strong Governments, Precarious Workers* calls into question the electoral responsiveness of national governments—and thus political parties—to the social needs of an increasingly numerous group of precarious workers. In the end, Rathgeb concludes that the weaker the government, the stronger the capacity of organized labor to enhance the social protection of precarious workers.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: *Rich Democracies* Harold L. Wilensky, 2002-07-01 In this landmark work, the culmination of 30 years of systematic, comprehensive comparison of 19 rich democracies, Wilensky answers two basic questions: (1) What is distinctly modern about modern societies--in what ways are they becoming alike? (2) How do variations in types of political economy shape system performance? He specifies similarities and differences in the structure and interplay of government, political parties, the mass media, industry, labor, professions, agriculture, churches, and voluntary associations. He then demonstrates how differences in bargaining arrangements among these groups lead to contrasting policy profiles and patterns of taxing and spending, which in turn explain a large number of outcomes: economic performance, political legitimacy, equality, job security, safety and risk, real health, the reduction of poverty and environmental threats, and the effectiveness and fairness of regulatory regimes. Drawing on quantitative data and case studies covering the last 50 years and more than 400 interviews he conducted with top decision-makers and advisors, Wilensky provides a richly detailed account of the common social, economic, and labor problems modern governments confront and their contrasting styles of conflict resolution. The result is new light on the likely paths of development of rich democracies as they become richer. Assessing alternative theories, Wilensky offers a powerful critique of such images of modern society as post-industrial or high-tech, the information age or the alleged dominance of globalization. Because he systematically compares all of the rich democracies with at least three million population, Wilensky can specify what is truly exceptional about the United States, what it shares with Britain and Britain abroad (Canada, Australia, New Zealand) and what it shares with all or almost all of the West European democracies, Israel, and Japan. He gives careful attention to which successful social and labor policies are transferable across nations and which are not. *Rich Democracies* will interest both scholars and

practitioners. It combines the perspectives of political economy (the interplay of markets and politics) and political sociology (the social bases of politics). It will be especially useful in courses on comparative political economy, comparative politics, European politics, public policy, political sociology, the welfare state, American government, advanced industrial societies, and industrial relations.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: The Politics of Inclusion and Exclusion David Ericson, 2011-01-26 Assessing the limits of pluralism, this book examines different types of political inclusion and exclusion and their distinctive dimensions and dynamics. Why are particular social groups excluded from equal participation in political processes? How do these groups become more fully included as equal participants? Often, the critical issue is not whether a group is included but how it is included. Collectively, these essays elucidate a wide range of inclusion or exclusion: voting participation, representation in legislative assemblies, representation of group interests in processes of policy formation and implementation, and participation in discursive processes of policy framing. Covering broad territory—from African Americans to Asian Americans, the transgendered to the disabled, and Latinos to Native Americans—this volume examines in depth the give and take between how policies shape political configuration and how politics shape policy. At a more fundamental level, Ericson and his contributors raise some traditional and some not-so-traditional issues about the nature of democratic politics in settings with a multitude of group identities.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Becoming a Footnote Sanford F. Schram, Sanford Schram, 2013-01-01 Humorous and witty recollections of the author's journey from insecure graduate student to noted activist/scholar.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: *The Growth of American Government* Ballard C. Campbell, 1995 This ambitious, well-written book will be a useful resource for scholars... an excellent overview... a fine, readable introduction that presents its analysis in a straightforward manner free from ideological baggage. --Congress & The Presidency A refreshingly unorthodox narrative. Campbell [explains] in plain language how government grew. His stance is neither liberal nor conservative, but simply well-informed and reasonable. --Walter Nugent, University of Notre Dame The canvas is large, but one comes away from the book with an understanding of what has happened, the factors contributing to these developments, and their consequences. Strongly recommended. --Samuel McSeveney, Vanderbilt University Ballard Campbell has synthesized an amazing range of material: federal, state and even local studies, from history, political science, economics, and assorted other specialized studies. The product is a strikingly comprehensive and readable history of the rise of government in the USA. Even better, it provides a coherent explanation of why the state grew so large. --Richard Jensen, University of Illinois-Chicago His overview (chapter 2) should be a compulsory assignment for any seminar on modern political culture... --The Journal of American History Campbell's book is a marvelous multidisciplinary synthesis that builds on the findings of historians of national, state, and local government, along with those of economists and political scientists, to provide a coherent account of the rise of modern American governing structures. --Journal of Interdisciplinary History The book should be useful in the classroom, even for freshmen classes in U.S. history and government. --American Historical Review Readable, and refreshingly unorthodox, Campbell provides a coherent explanation of how and why government has become so large. His book deserves inclusion in any undergraduate bibliography covering the development of American government. --Political Studies Association This engaging survey of the growth of government in America in the last century focuses on the evolution of public policy and its relationship to the constitutional and political structure of government at the federal, state, and local levels.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Einführung in die vergleichende Politikwissenschaft Detlef Jahn, 2011-02-09 Die vergleichende Politikwissenschaft ist eine Teildisziplin der Politikwissenschaft, deren Selbstverständnis sich durch die vergleichende Methode ergibt. Oftmals ist die vergleichende Methode in der Politikwissenschaft der einzig

gangbare Weg, um generalisierbare Aussagen über gesellschaftspolitische Prozesse zu treffen. Allerdings ist ein systematischer Vergleich voraussetzungs- und es müssen verschiedene Faktoren beachtet werden, um die vergleichende Methode in der Politikwissenschaft Gewinn bringend anwenden zu können. Dieses Lehrbuch stellt die umfassendste deutschsprachige Monographie zur vergleichenden Politikwissenschaft dar. Dabei gibt der Autor einen vertiefenden Überblick über Gegenstandsbereiche, Logik, Theorien und Methoden der vergleichenden Politikwissenschaft. Die anwendungsorientierte Einführung eröffnet die Möglichkeit, die vergleichende Politikwissenschaft in ihren Grundzügen zu verstehen und gibt Anleitung, spezifisches Wissen zu vertiefen. Das Buch wendet sich sowohl an Studienanfänger als auch an Fortgeschrittene.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: *The New American Economy* Bruce Bartlett, 2024-09-04 As a domestic policy advisor to Ronald Reagan, Bruce Bartlett was one of the originators of Reaganomics, the supply-side economic theory that conservatives have clung to for decades. In *The New American Economy*, Bartlett goes back to the economic roots that made *Impostor* a bestseller and abandons the conservative dogma in favor of a policy strongly based on what's worked in the past. Marshalling compelling history and economics, he explains how economic theories that may be perfectly valid at one moment in time under one set of circumstances tend to lose validity over time because they are misapplied under different circumstances. Bartlett makes a compelling, historically-based case for large tax increases, once anathema to him and his economic allies. In *The New American Economy*, Bartlett seeks to clarify a compelling and way forward for the American economy.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Institutionelle Strukturen und makroökonomische Stabilität Paul-Günther Schmidt, 2005 Ein Vergleich der Inflationsraten und Arbeitslosenquoten verschiedener Länder offenbart markante zwischenstaatliche Unterschiede, die über lange Zeiträume hinweg bemerkenswert dauerhaft sind. Diese Beobachtung wirft die Frage auf, worin die hartnäckigen zwischenstaatlichen Stabilitätsdifferenziale begründet liegen, und unter welchen Bedingungen sich ein höherer Grad gesamtwirtschaftlicher Stabilität in einzelnen Ländern überhaupt verwirklichen lässt. Paul-Günther Schmidt legt in diesem Buch einen Erklärungsansatz vor, der die Bedeutung institutioneller Merkmale des Zentralbank-, Wechselkurs-, Banken-, Regierungs- und Arbeitsmarktsystems für die wirtschaftliche Entwicklung eines Landes analysiert. Seine vergleichende Analyse von 47 Demokratien während des letzten Vierteljahrhunderts zeigt, dass die Wurzeln gesamtwirtschaftlicher Instabilität in den Rahmenbedingungen der Wirtschafts- und Gesellschaftsordnung zu suchen sind.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Kids' TV Grows Up Jo Holz, 2017-08-23 In the early days of television, suburban families welcomed TV into their homes as an electronic babysitter that would also teach their children about the world. Children's programming soon came to play a key role in the development of mass culture, promoting the shared interests, norms and vocabulary through which children interact with peers and define themselves as a cohort. This social history examines the forces driving the development of children's television in the U.S., from its inception to the present. Analyses of iconic programs reveal how they influenced our concept of childhood.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Battling for American Labor Howard Kimeldorf, 1999-12 This riveting, nuanced book takes seriously the workplace radicalism of many early twentieth century American workers. The restriction of working class militancy to the workplace, it shows, was no mere economism. Organizational rather than psychological in orientation, *Battling For American Labor* accounts for both the early preference of dockworkers in Philadelphia and hotel and restaurant workers in New York for the IWW rather than the AFL and for the reversal of this choice in the 1920s. In so doing, it points the way to a fresh reading of American labor history.—Ira Katznelson, Columbia University Howard Kimeldorf's book, based on sound and solid historical research in archives, newspapers, journals, memoirs and oral histories, argues that workers in the United States, regardless of their precise union affiliation, harbored syndicalist tendencies which manifested themselves in direct action on the job. Because

Kimeldorf's book reinterprets much of the history of the labor movement in the United States, it will surely generate much controversy among scholars and capture the attention of readers.—Melvyn Dubofsky, Binghamton University, SUNY Howard Kimeldorf's new book is a very exciting accomplishment. This book will surely leave a major imprint on labor history and the sociology of labor. Kimeldorf's focus on repertoires of collective action and practice instead of ideology is a particularly important contribution; one that will force students of labor to rethink many worn-out arguments. After reading *Battling For American Labor*, one will no longer be able to assume the IWW's defeat was inevitable, or take seriously psychological theories of worker consciousness.—David Wellman, author of *The Union Makes Us Strong*

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Global Taxation

Philipp Genschel, Laura Seelkopf, 2022 The volume analyses the rise of modern taxation around the world from the late eighteenth century to today. It is based on a new 'Tax Introduction Dataset' that records the historical dates of first adoption of six key taxes of the modern state in 220 countries worldwide, 1750-2018. The taxes include personal and corporate income tax, inheritance tax, social security contributions, as well as general sales taxes and VAT. Based on these data, the chapters map the diffusion of modern taxation across space, time, tax, and mode of tax adoption (sovereign or colonial). They explore the applicability of Western theories of fiscal development to non-Western contexts. They highlight the role of colonial tax introductions for fiscal development and state formation in Africa and Asia. And they compare the correlates of tax introduction across time and across different types of tax--Publisher's description.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: Erwerbsbeteiligung von Frauen und Männern im Industrieländervergleich, 2013-03-09 Beim Nationenvergleich erhilt die Bundesrepublik Deutschland in der Regel gute oder sehr gute Noten: sie zählt zu den wirtschaftlich reichen, politisch stabilen und in sozialpolitischer Hinsicht kompetenten Ländern. Bei den meisten Industrieländervergleichen nimmt die Bundesrepublik einen Platz im oberen Mittelfeld ein - etwa in der Sozialpolitik und beim Umweltschutz- oder in der Spitzengruppe, beispielsweise bei der Inflationsbekämpfung. In wirtschaftspolitischer Hinsicht ist die Bundesrepublik meist erfolgreicher als die englischsprachigen und die nordeuropäischen Industrieländer, und in der Sozialpolitik hat sie mittlerweile mit den skandinavischen Wohlfahrtsstaaten weitgehend gleichziehen können. Und im Hinblick auf Konfliktmanagement und sozialpartnerschaftliche Beziehungen zwischen Arbeit und Kapital wie auch hinsichtlich eines durch Föderalismus und Koalitionsregierung gezeigten Zentralstaates bildet die Bundesrepublik zusammen mit Österreich und der Schweiz eine Länder-Gruppe mit großem Erfolg bei der Bewältigung von Konfliktaustragungs- und Konsensbildungsproblemen. Doch nicht in allen Politikbereichen gehört die Bundesrepublik Deutschland zu den führenden Ländern. Seit Mitte der 70er Jahre tut man sich hierzulande mit der Bewältigung von Arbeitslosigkeit schwer. Ebenso auffallend sind die Defizite der Bundesrepublik - und Gleiches gilt in dieser Hinsicht für Österreich und die Schweiz - bei der Eindämmung geschlechtsspezifischer Ungleichheit. In wichtigen sozialen und wirtschaftlichen Bereichen haben Frauen hierzulande meist geringere Teilhabechancen als Männer und erheblich geringere Teilhabechancen als in zahlreichen anderen westlichen Industrieländern.

american political economy in global perspective harold l wilensky: American Political Scientists Glenn H. Utter, Charles Lockhart, 2002-10-30 This dictionary offers the only comprehensive collection of profiles of American political scientists, each of whom contributed significantly to the intellectual development of American political science from its beginnings in the late-19th century to the present. This second edition includes 22 new and 110 revised entries, reflecting new scholarship that emerged during the 1990s. Numerous experts helped the editors develop this consensus group of the 193 political scientists who have made the most important theoretical contributions over the years, with attention to varied approaches and the different subfields. Alphabetically arranged entries focus on the main ideas and major works by each scholar, listing the most important publications by and about the individual. There are numerous cross-references to show how the work of one scholar has influenced another in the discipline.

Appendices list the political scientists by degree-granting institutions and by major fields. A short bibliography points to important general readings about the profession. A general index makes this major reference easily accessible for broad interdisciplinary research.

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